

THE EVENING BULLETIN.

VOLUME IX.

MAYSVILLE, KY., MONDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1890.

NUMBER 73.

SPARKS'

GREAT

Closing-Out Sale!

TO QUIT BUSINESS.

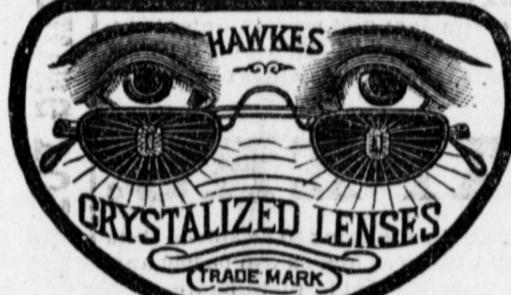
This is a genuine Closing-out sale and no blow. Thousands of dollars' worth of

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CHEAP FOR CASH!

Everything goes at Cost and less. Do not miss this golden opportunity to buy goods at less prices than you ever did before.



A VOICE

From the Executive Mansion.

MR. A. K. HAWKES—Dear Sir: The pantoscopic glasses you furnished me some time since give excellent satisfaction. I have tested them by use, and must say they are unequalled in clearness and brilliancy by any that I have ever worn. Respectfully,
JOHN B. GORDON,
Governor of Georgia.

All eyes fitted and fit guaranteed at the Drug Store of POWER & REYNOLDS, Maysville, Ky.

FISH! FISH! FISH!

WE QUOTE YOU

No. 2 Mackerel, in buckets.....	\$1 25
No. 1 Family White Fish, in buckets.....	55
Large Mackerel per piece.....	10
Pure Cream Cod (boneless) per lb.....	8 1/2
Fish to can per can only.....	10
Finest Salmon per can.....	17 1/2
Large cans of Mackerel, per can.....	25
Three cans large Mustard Sardines.....	25
Four cans Oil Sardines, only.....	25
Two cans finest Imported Sardines.....	25

PICKLES! PICKLES! PICKLES!

We still have a few more of those fine Pickles left. Only 20 cents per hundred.

HILL & CO.

Porpoise Leather!

This Shoe is made of PORPOISESKIN, tanned in blubber oil, making it pliable and soft. It is impervious to moisture, as it has neither haircells nor sweat glands. Inserted between the leather and the skin of the shoe, and outer soles is a fine rubberlining. In addition to the stock being water proof, the rubber lining renders the Shoe impervious to moisture or dampness. It is acknowledged to be the toughest leather manufactured. In Bals and Congress. For sale at

LYNCH'S,

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Manufactured by E. H. REYNOLDS.

JOB PRINTING of every description neatly executed at the BULLETIN OFFICE.

Forecast of Congress.

Probable Program of Both Branches This Week.

MR. BLAIR'S EDUCATIONAL BILL

Will Occupy Most of the Week in the Senate While the House Will Settle the Site of the World's Fair—Saturday's House Proceedings—Other Washington Dispatches.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—After suspending consideration of the subject for several days the senate will return to-day to the discussion of the Blair educational bill, and Mr. Blair, who has obtained a fresh supply of material in the interim, will resume his speech in advocacy of the measure. It is likely he will exhaust his oratory in a day or two and give other senators an opportunity to lay their views before the senate and the country. Fully ten set speeches on this bill were promised but Mr. Blair has consumed so much of the senate's time that some of them will be cut short.

Nevertheless the educational bill will absorb the Senate. Attention during the greater part of the week and its consideration may extend into the week following, and meantime the calendar will be discussed during the morning hour and odd intervals. In the early part of the week some time will be devoted to the consideration of executive business and the British extradition treaty, and possibly the Russian treaty will likely be disposed of.

The committee on finance will take up all matters relating to silver coinage on Tuesday, and possibly will dispose of them. The committee on privileges and elections will give some attention to the Montana election case during the week, but it will be some time before a decision is reached.

There is every reason to believe that the controversy over the selection of a site for the world's fair will be settled so far as the house is concerned before another week has passed. Everything favors an early disposition of the matter.

The elections committee has agreed not to attempt to call up the Atkinson-Pendleton case until the week following,

and the way is clear for the fair bill.

Monday is, under the new rules, suspension day in the house, when bills may be called by committees and passed under a suspension of the rules. Most of the committees have not made preparation for bringing bills before the house in this way, but it is safe to say that the entire time will be taken up in discussing and passing the bills that are reported.

Some debate will ensue on the resolutions of Mr. Candler and Mr. Hitt, providing for discussing and voting on the two world's fair bills. Mr. Candler has set apart Tuesday and Wednesday for discussion and Thursday for voting, while Mr. Hitt's provides for only one day's discussion, Tuesday, with voting on the next day. A majority of members seem to be in favor of a two days' discussion, and for this reason Mr. Candler's proposition has better chance of being agreed to. There is a possibility of a deadlock on the question at issue and in event of this it cannot be said with accuracy how the rest of the week may be consumed. Friday is private bill day and Saturday will probably be devoted to delivery of eulogies on deceased members. The appropriations committee expect to have the pension appropriation bill ready to report to the house on Tuesday.

Saturday's House Proceedings.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—The house approved the journal of Friday's proceedings by a vote of yeas, 128; nays, 1. Several Republicans who were not present during roll call were refused permission to record their votes; consequently they were the first to feel the effects of the new rules.

The senate amendments to house bill fixing the duty on ribbons were concurred in.

Mr. Banks, of Massachusetts, asked unanimous consent for the immediate passage of a joint resolution authorizing the appointment of three additional medical examiners in the pension bureau.

Mr. Richardson, of Tennessee, said he thought the rules should be adhered to and objected.

Mr. Dunnell, of Minnesota, reported back senate bill providing for the ascertainment of the mortgage indebtedness of the country.

Mr. Dockery, of Missouri, offered an amendment providing that Sections 13 to 16 of the original census act shall apply to the provisions of this act. He stated that the bill was not an amendment to the original act and consequently its defeat lay in the fact that it failed to provide any pains or penalties for officers guilty of malfeasance, or for any person or corporation who refused to answer any question propounded.

Mr. Buchanan, of New Jersey, doubted the power of congress to compel a United States citizen to disclose his indebtedness to anybody.

The amendment was discussed and opposed by Messrs. Blount, of Georgia, Gear of Iowa, Sherman of New York, Cannon of Illinois, and favored by Mr. Mills, of Texas, and Tillman, of South Carolina.

The amendment was finally adopted and the bill as amended passed.

Public business was then suspended and the house listened to eulogies to the memory of the late Representative Richard W. Townshend, of Illinois. Addresses were made by Messrs. Holman of Indiana, Hooker of Mississippi, Compton of Maryland, Cutcheon of Michigan, Henderson of Iowa, McMillen of Tennessee, and Williams, Henderson, Cannon, Lane and Springer of Illinois. Then, as a mark of respect to the memory of the deceased, the house, at 5 o'clock, adjourned.

RIVER STEAMER SUNK.

The Louise Sinks in Fifty Feet of Water in the St. Johns River.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Feb. 17.—The steamer Louise of the Jacksonville and Mayport line ran into an obstruction early Sunday morning near Hunter's Mill, on the St. Johns river, and was sunk in less than three minutes. One man was drowned and the other passengers and crew escaped with their lives. The Louise left Mayport late Saturday night, bound for this city. She had on board a crew of sixty men, including Capt. Charles Floyd and seven passengers. The run from Mayport is only two or three hours, and the passengers were all lying asleep about the cabin with their clothes on. About 1:30 o'clock the steamer crashed into some obstruction, supposed to be a sunken lighter, and sank in about three minutes.

Capt. Floyd gives the following account of the disaster: "When the boat struck we rushed to the cabins, and called to the passengers to make for the lifeboat. The water rushed in so fast that the boat could not be reached, and we finally got in a life raft and cut it loose. This was on the hurricane deck, to which we had retreated. There were ten persons on the raft, and myself and Eph. Hood in the water. I threw my arm over a stick of wood, which aided me in keeping above the surface. Wesley Evans, a young colored passenger, went down with the boat and was drowned. We were not in the water very long, for the schooner Jesse W. Starr came to us and took us all in. The Louise lies in fifty feet of water, nothing being visible but about five feet of her smoke stack. She belongs to the estate of the late Alexander Wallace, and was valued at about \$15,000."

CRUSADE AGAINST LIQUOR.

Women at Pickardsville, Mo., Completely Demolish Saloon.

PICKARDSVILLE, Mo., Feb. 17.—The temperance crusade in this section of the state is spreading. It reached here early last week, and the temperance forces have been fermenting ever since. Last Thursday a number of women met and resolved to close up a club house run by Dury Davis in defiance of the liquor laws. The ladies met at 5 o'clock Friday evening to carry out their design. Armed with rocks, hatchets and axes, they proceeded to the saloon, accompanied by the usual complement of small boys and curious men.

With the rocks the women smashed in all the windows, and with the axes chopped down the door. Having gained entrance to the saloon, the women possessed themselves of the bottles and kegs of beer and barrels of whisky, and carrying them into the streets their contents were emptied into the gutter. Returning to the saloon, the fixtures were demolished, and the crusaders' work was done. Hamilton Brady, the owner of the building, says he will prosecute the women for destroying his property. Dury Davis, who runs the saloon, has nothing to say.

More Excitement Looked For.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 17.—The Rev. Bendering, a noted temperance advocate of this city, and Rev. J. M. O'Brien have been engaged by the citizens of Lathrop, Mo., to go to Plattsburg, a neighboring town, to explain and defend the action of the crusaders. They will be accompanied by a number of Lathrop ladies, and some exciting times are looked for.

A MILLION DOLLAR LAND SCHEME.

Governor Campbell, of Ohio, and Other Northern Capitalists Interested.

ATLANTA, Ga., Feb. 17.—Details of a big land company formed by northern visitors who attended the banquet of the chamber of commerce, are meager. The whole thing, so far as it has gone, is this: The John H. Inman party contained a number of eastern gentlemen worth a great deal of money. These with Governor Campbell, of Ohio, were so much impressed with what they saw here at Atlanta that they determined to have a share in southern development.

To this end they got together and talked over ways and means. Details of that meeting are not attainable, further than it was decided to form a stock company with \$1,000,000 capital, and that Governor Campbell was chosen president.

John H. Inman, John C. Calhoun, James Swann and other prominent New Yorkers will be on the directorate, with such men as Sam. Inman, Pat. Calhoun, E. P. Howell and others from Atlanta. The plan is to invest the money judiciously in southern lands, and to hold out special invitations to northern and western people to locate here.

Close of the Saengerfest.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 17.—The saengerfest closed Saturday night with a brilliantly successful concert, at which the attendance was larger than on any previous occasion. At the day's meeting of the delegates it was decided to hold the next saengerfest at Cleveland, O., in 1893. Louisville was a candidate for honor, but withdrew, and the vote was unanimous. A banquet was tendered the singers Saturday night. There were eighty tables and 1,600 covers. Julius Weis, of The Texas Forwaert, Austin, Tex., was master of ceremonies. The visiting delegates will nearly all remain in New Orleans until after the Mardi Gras festivities.

A Letter From Dick Hawes.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Feb. 17.—In a letter written by Dick Hawes to May Story, the young lady whom he married in Columbus, and which was intercepted by the sheriff, Hawes says his late confession that he paid Wiley to kill Mrs. Hawes and Irene was false. He made the statement to get even with Wiley, who once betrayed a plot of Hawes and others to escape. The letter intimates that Hawes intends to commit suicide.

A Small Fight.

HARTFORD, Conn., Feb. 17.—Tom Stanton, of Hartford, knocked out Jimmy Norion, of Waterbury, in three rounds near here yesterday.

A Chapter Of Crimes.

Fatal Shooting Affairs at Several Places.

A TRIPLE TRAGEDY IN NEW YORK

Isaac Jacob Shoots Herman Royozinsky and His Wife and Then Blows His Own Braına Out—One Man Shot Through the Heart and Another Seriously Wounded Near Jeffersonville, Ind.—Other Crimes.

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—Isaac Jacob, aged 45, shot and killed Herman Royozinsky, of 54 Ridge street, about 5 o'clock Sunday morning, then shot and perhaps fatally injured Royozinsky's wife, and finally shot himself dead. The tragedy was the result of an old quarrel between the men. It is said that Jacob once smuggled \$7,000 worth of diamonds into this country, and becoming frightened, placed them in Royozinsky's hands for safe keeping until it should be safe to dispose of them, but when he asked Royozinsky for them the latter refused to account for them.

It is also said that Jacob, who was a married man, made love to Royozinsky's niece until he was forbidden to visit the girl any more. Despite these events, however, Jacob and Royozinsky met occasionally and had business transactions. Early Sunday morning Jacob called at Royozinsky's rooms in the tenement No. 54 Ridge street, and awoke Royozinsky, telling him to come out to the stable, as some one was trying to steal the horse which Royozinsky used in his business as an expressman.

Royozinsky accompanied Jacob to the stable, which is in the rear of No. 47 Ridge street. When the men reached the stable yard Jacob suddenly drew a revolver and shot Royozinsky through the heart. He then went back to No. 54 and shot Mrs. Royozinsky, who was just coming out of the house, having become anxious because her husband had gone with Jacob, whom she distrusted. The bullet penetrated her neck and lodged in her back. She ran down the street screaming and did not fall until she reached the Delancey street police station.

Meanwhile her son, Otto, aged 18 years, had sprung out and pursued Jacob, who fled until he reached Broome street, when he turned and aimed the revolver at Otto. The boy dodged behind a wagon, and Jacob, seeing two policemen running up to arrest him, placed the revolver to his own head, fired, and fell dead in the gutter.

On his person was found a long, rambling statement, to the effect that Royozinsky and everybody else with whom he had had anything to do since he came to this country had cheated and robbed him; that the lawyers he had engaged to look after his interests had played into the hands of his enemies; that his own wife had robbed him, sold him out and thrown him into the street; that he was sick, destitute and desperate, and had finally decided to take the law into his own hands.

At the hospital it is not yet known whether Mrs. Royozinsky can recover or not. Her wound is very serious.

Deeds of a Hoosier Desperado.

JEFFERSONVILLE, Ind., Feb. 17.—A farmers' alliance of three adjoining counties was organized and an entertainment given, Saturday night, in the little city of Lexington. Some of the toughs of the surrounding country attended with the intention of breaking up the alliance, and interrupted the speaking by letting the windows fall with a crash. When William Bolles stopped their proceedings, Sheridan Stoner and others of the crowd went outside, but soon after returned, Stoner having put a pistol in his overcoat pocket. The gang stood around Stoner with pistols in their hands and taunted Bolles, who finally broke a bench leg off and struck Stoner, who retreated shooting.

A wild panic ensued, ladies fainted and several attempted to jump out of windows and over the banisters. Bolles fell shot through the heart, while Frank Wells, of Saluda, was shot through the elbow. Mrs. Bolles went into convulsions, and during the confusion Stoner escaped after knocking down George Shea, a prominent teacher, who interfered. The strangest thing is that he passed through Nabb Sunday morning at 9 o'clock, and to a crowd of forty related the affair, yet was allowed to go on unmolested. He is still at large, but a sheriff's posse is after him. Mrs. Bolles is in a critical condition.

Killed the Wrong Man.

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—James H. Miller, colored, was stabbed and killed early Sunday morning in the hallway of the house where he lived, 1775 Third avenue, by Morris Miller, colored. The two Millers were not related. Morris Miller had a quarrel with William Lawrence, James Miller's brother-in-law, about a bad dollar that he claimed to have got from Lawrence. Lawrence and James Miller were returning home late, together, and Morris Miller lay in wait in the hall, intending to assault Lawrence. He aimed a blow at Lawrence, who jumped aside and fled. Miller also ran. The assailant pursued Miller, thinking in the darkness that it was Lawrence. Lawrence went out on the street and summoned a policeman, who, on entering the place, found James Miller dead, and Morris Miller hiding in a closet, where he was arrested.

A Wife Murderer Still at Large.

READING, Pa., Feb. 17.—A dastardly outrage and robbery was committed Saturday night, at the home of John Snyder, an aged bachelor, in East Nantmeal, below Reading. Three masked robbers gained entrance to his house, and "hooded" him in a bag. When threatened with death he refused to tell where his money was. The robbers then tortured him with knives and hot plates until he told them where \$300 of his hard-earned savings had been hidden for years. The old man was left more dead than alive and the ruffians escaped.

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—The capital stock of the Edison Electric Lighting company has been increased to \$4,500,000 from \$2,500,000. The debts of the concern aggregate \$213,000, of which \$280,000 is secured by bond mortgage. Originally the stock was \$100,000.

Insane Asylum Burned.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Feb. 17.—One wing of the insane asylum was destroyed by fire Sunday morning, causing a loss of \$40,000. All of the patients were gotten out of the building safely. The fire originated in the boiler room.

MURDERS AND SUICIDES

THE EVENING BULLETIN

LAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
ROSSER & McCARTHY,
Proprietors

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1890.

THE New York Star asserts that "the surest, swiftest and shortest road to bankruptcy in purse and character for any mercantile or professional man is that of politics." And yet the land is full of just such men who are willing to jump into politics any day.

WYOMING is undoubtedly just as deserving of admission to Statehood as the Dakotas or Montana, or Washington, and perhaps more so in some respects. If Congress does the proper thing, the vast territory within the boundaries of Wyoming will soon form the eighth State in the Union in point of area.

THE establishment of a Normal school at Jackson will undoubtedly result in giving the "mountain counties" a better set of teachers, and that means better public schools. The State can well afford to expend the \$10,000 or \$15,000 asked for to establish this Normal institution. The Stewart bill, now pending in the Legislature, should be passed.

HAVING gerrymandered several States in an outrageous manner, the Republicans now appeal to Congress to perpetuate their infamy for a few years longer. They realize that an equitable re-distribution of such States as Ohio will result in destroying their majority in the House of Representatives. They are getting desperate and are resorting to desperate expedients.

THE Louisville Courier-Journal says: "The action of Senator Poyntz, in introducing a resolution into the State Senate, providing for an investigation of Louisville's Gas Company, on the charge that it has been guilty of election bribery and other offenses, has caused a great deal of comment among the people at large. The resolution seems to have been a complete surprise to everybody, and to no one more than Mr. George Morris, the President of the gas company."

AFTER admitting that it is a constitutional right of members to demand the yeas and nays on a question, the Republican majority in the House Thursday repudiated the admission by refusing to adopt an amendment to the rules, made by Mr. Crisp, of Georgia, that a demand for the yeas and nays shall not be considered a dilatory motion. In the light of recent events this should not be surprising. What do Mr. Reed and his Republican followers care for the Constitution?

"THE refusal of the Republican Senate to order census statistics of farm mortgages speaks volumes. If the tariff protects the farmer," says an exchange, "here is a good way to show it, but the Republican Senate appears to be afraid of the figures. Why not employ the argument of the New York Tribune that mortgages on farms evidence prosperity in farming communities? If high taxation is a blessing to tax-payers mortgage indebtedness is likewise a blessing to the debtor."

ABOUT the worst scheme of the subsidy grabbers is the plan to have Congress pay a bonus of 50 cents for every barrel of flour shipped in vessel of the United States from a port in the United States to a foreign port. How much of this subsidy would the farmers get who sell their wheat at the market price for any use? And if exporters of flour are to be paid by the Government, why not exporters of corn-meal or nails or barbed wire or cotton goods or steel rails or any other manufactured product of the United States?—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

VIM and push upon the part of its own people is what Georgetown needs just now more than anything else. If it is desired that more business men should locate in the town, the proper thing to do at the beginning would be to encourage those who are already here. If new people are to be invited to come, those who are already here must show a disposition in that direction. Jealousies and bickerings won't build up the town. It will require harmony of feeling and concert of action.—Georgetown Times.

The Time's remarks are sensible and to the point and will apply to Maysville. "Vim and push" upon the part of our own citizens is what is needed just at present.

MASSACHUSETTS papers are denouncing in the plainest sort of language Senator Hoar's bill to prevent a re-arrangement of Congressional districts until 1892. The Boston Globe says: "This is perhaps the longest step ever taken in the direction of centralization or nationalism. It strikes deadly blow at the right of local self-government. If the bill passes it will take from Massachusetts, as from every other State, all control over its Congressional districts, and give that control into the hands of a coterie of irresponsible partisan politicians in Washington. It is anything but creditable to Massachusetts that it is represented in the United States Senate by the chief sponsor of this attempted outrage."

THE AUSTRALIAN SYSTEM.

An Interesting Communication in Reference to Ballot Reform.

Mr. Editor: If I mistake not there has never been published in any of our county papers an explanation of the Australian Ballot System. Just at this time, it appears to me, a history of this system would be of especial interest to your readers. The imperfections of our present mode of voting and the evils resulting therefrom have long been known to all thoughtful citizens. The articles, therefore, appearing in recent issues of the Democrat and Republican over the signatures of G. R. G., Damos, T. M. G. and "Members of the Presley Nine," criticizing our election laws and condemning the corrupt practices thereunder have introduced a new theme. They have served their purpose, however. Some system of voting, or law, which would secure to us a free and incorruptible ballot, we feel assured is desired by the majority of our people.

To prevent corruption of the ballot, the Government of Australia has been the first to lead off in some well defined and seemingly effective system for that purpose. As far back as 1856 a measure was introduced in the Legislature of South Australia by Francis S. Dutton, advocating the principal features of what is now known as the Australian plan of voting. But it was not till 1856 the system was adopted in that country, then in the province of Victoria. South Australia adopted it in 1857. A year later it was introduced in Tasmania. The working of the system was so satisfactory that it was finally made the voting system, with some modifications, of the various provinces of that country. In 1870 it was adopted in New Zealand, in Queensland in 1874, in West Australia in 1877. The advantages of this system soon became known in England, and in 1872 Parliament passed a ballot act embodying its main features. The elections of England and Wales are conducted under this act to-day. Elections in the provinces of Canada have been held under similar acts for the past fifteen years.

The first attention called to the system in this country is accredited, we believe, to the late Allen Thordyke Rice and Henry George. Mr. George wrote an article in 1883 for the North American Review calling attention to the plan and has strongly advocated it ever since.

The first legislation on the subject in the United States was in Michigan. A bill introduced in the Legislature of that State in 1883 was rejected, but subsequently amended, and enacted. The Legislature of New York passed bills, both in 1888 and in 1889 adopting the plan, but both bills were vetoed by Governor Hill—not, as he says, because of any opposition he entertained to the ballot system they contained, but because of some objectionable clauses in the bills. Quite a number of States have passed within the last year laws embodying substantially the Australian system of voting. Among them are Minnesota, Montana, Wisconsin, Missouri, Rhode Island, Tennessee, Indiana and Connecticut. The elections in the several States named will be held under these laws during the present year. The Legislature of Kentucky passed an act at its session of 1888 applying the system to the city of Louisville. How it could do this, however, and not violate that clause in our Constitution which says, "In all elections by the people the votes shall be personally and publicly given, viva voce," is a matter for the courts of the States to decide. However, this may be, the system was tried at a recent municipal election in that city and gave great satisfaction.

An act passed by the Legislature of Massachusetts, May 30, 1888, is said by writers on the subject to contain all of the admirable features of the Australian law without its defects. It was under this act the elections were held in that State last fall. The plan was eminently successful. It is said to give satisfaction to all parties and classes, unless it was to the professional politician. As the Massachusetts plan is the Australian Ballot System improved, we copy below from Mr. Charles T. Greve, a writer on this subject, a statement of just what the voter, under the law of Massachusetts, actually does in preparing and casting his vote.

"Any person desiring to vote gives his name to the ballot clerk, who announces it in a loud voice, and if the name is found on the check or registration list by the ballot officer having charge thereof, he likewise repeats the name and the voter enters the space enclosed by the guard rail, which surrounds the entire voting apparatus. The officer then gives him one official ticket, which shall contain the names of all candidates of all parties, who are in nomination for any office specified in the ballot. There have been duly made, with the name of the political party to which each candidate belongs printed opposite his name. There shall also be on each ticket blank spaces for names not on the ticket, which may be filled in by the voter, and opposite each name shall be a space for marking a cross as an indication of the choice of the voter. Each ballot shall have a facsimile of the signature of the Secretary of the Commonwealth printed on the back for the purpose of authentication."

"The voter proceeds to a little booth or compartment, all the time in plain view, but without opportunity of communication with any one on the outside, and there, by marking opposite each name that he desires to cast his vote for a cross, he makes up his ticket which he holds and deposits in the ballot-box with the official endorsement uppermost, and leaves the voting place. If the voter desires assistance by reason of physical infirmities, he is at liberty to call for the aid of one or more sworn officers, who, by their oaths are prohibited from disclosing how any voter voted. If a voter spoils his ballot he can exchange it for another, but he can only get three ballots, in each case returning the spoiled one, which is at once canceled and preserved by the officers of election. No voters shall be permitted to occupy a voting shelf already occupied by another, nor to remain within the inclosed space more than ten minutes, nor to occupy a shelf or compartment for more than two hours. All are in use and other voters are waiting. No ballot can be taken from the voting place, and none but those provided according to law can be counted. A voter who shall allow his ballot to be seen by any person, with an apparent intention of letting it be known how he about to vote, or place any distinguishing mark upon his ballot, or who shall make a false statement as to his inability to mark his ballot, or any person who attempts to interfere with a voter when inside the inclosed space, whether in a booth or compartment or who shall endeavor to induce a voter to show how he marks or has marked his ballot, is punishable by fine; and any officer neglecting his duty or interfering with the objects of the act shall be punished by fine or imprisonment, or both. Special features in detail are as follows: The ballot is prepared and printed by the State officers at State expense. Nominations are made to the Secretary of State by conventions (in case of regular parades) casting three per cent of total vote, by caucus, or by individual nomination, paper to be signed by one thousand (1,000) qualified voters, in case of State officer, or by one in one hundred (100), but in no case less than fifty names for officers of smaller districts."

An obvious advantage of this system is the freedom given to the voter to retire with in a secret booth or compartment and make up his ballot without being bulldozed or influenced by other parties. This will virtually

stop the purchase of votes, for the man who buys votes has little confidence in the average man who sells, and is not going to pay his money unless he can see that the vote is cast as per agreement. In other words, to use a common campaign expression of recent elections, the purchaser must have proof that "the goods were delivered." Another advantage is in having the State print the ballots for "it does away with a large part of the so-called campaign assessments upon candidates, which, in reality, are but a cloak for corruption."

This system wherever discussed or tried is in favor with all parties and all classes. The laboring man, as well as the lawyer, strongly advocates it when its measures become intelligible to him. Thoughtful citizens all over our country are beginning to denounce the practice of vote-buying and vote-selling. They understand it is sapping the life of our political institutions. We, Kentuckians, who pride ourselves so greatly for our patriotism, should not be the last to renounce or denounce this custom. We know our Constitution prohibits it. We know it is in violation of our penal statutes. We know it is treating with utter disregard and contempt, the very laws enacted for our safety. We know it tends to endanger individual life, threatens personal liberty and renders insecure private property. The people's rights are not safe in the hands of legislative, judicial or executive power constituted by corrupt methods.

The welfare of our posterity, the good name and influence of our fair State, and the perpetuity of our Government depend upon the free, incorrupt and intelligent suffrages of our people. J. B. HOLTON, Washington, Ky., Feb. 14th, 1891.

Tax for the Benefit of a Corporation.

The Superior Court, in reversing the case of Halbert versus the Vanceburg and Quincy Turnpike Road Company, says:

"A turnpike company being authorized by its charter to have all the property within a certain boundary assessed for taxation each year so long as necessary to pay for the construction of its road, and to return the assessment to the County Court for the purpose of having it listed with the Sheriff for collection, a creditor of the company whose claim was incurred in the construction of the road has an equitable interest in the tax; and having obtained a judgement and return of 'no property,' he has the right to invoke the aid of the Chancellor to secure the collection and appropriation of the tax to the payment of his debt. And the Chancellor, through his receiver, has the power to take any steps necessary to that end which the corporation could have taken, beginning with the assessment and ending with the collection from the Sheriff. And it is not necessary that the taxpayers should be parties to the action."

A \$1,300 Cane.

"Years ago when the new Methodist Church was erected in Cynthiana, a debt of \$1,300 remained on the hands of the Committee," says the Mt. Olivet Democrat. "The church had been severely taxed to build the handsome edifice, and in order to secure funds to pay off the remaining debt, it was proposed to present a \$50 cane to the most popular man in Harrison County, the choice to be selected by votes, and every person permitted to vote as often as he wished, provided he paid a stipulated price for each vote.

"Hon. T. J. Megibben, Hon. Thos. V. Ashbrook, Caleb Musser, and Louis Pollmeyer were nominated as candidates by their friends. It was a hot contest, the candidates leading as their names are mentioned. Excitement reached a white heat, and when the voting ceased it was ascertained that Megibben had polled over 5,000 votes; Ashbrook between 4,000 and 5,000; Musser, 2,800; Pollmeyer, 555. The net amount realized was \$1,300, the amount of the church indebtedness. The cane was presented to Mr. Megibben. He had previously contributed \$1,000 to the church, besides \$1,200 towards the construction of the new Christian Church at Cynthiana."

Regulations of Lent.

I. All the faithful who have completed their twenty-first year, are, unless legitimately dispensed, bound to observe the Fast of Lent.

II. The use of flesh meat is allowed at every meal on Sunday, and once a day on Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, excepting Ember Saturday and Holy Saturday. On these two days, and on every Wednesday and Friday of Lent, meat is not allowed.

III. Fish and flesh meat can not be used at the same meal, not even on Sunday.

IV. Eggs, cheese, butter and milk may be used every day of Lent.

V. Only one full meal is allowed each day, except Sunday, and is not to be taken until noon.

VI. A collation or light refreshment is allowed in the evening. It ought not to exceed the fourth part of an ordinary full meal, or at the most eight ounces.

VII. By special indulgence of the Holy See, dated August 3d, 1889:

1. A small piece of bread may be taken with a cup of tea, coffee or thin chocolate, in the morning.

2. When the principal meal of the day can not be had at noon, the other meal may be inverted, and a collation taken at noon, and dinner in the evening.

3. The use of lard is allowed in the preparation of food.

4. The faithful dispensed from the obligation of fasting may, whenever such food is allowed once a day to all, eat meat, eggs and other lenten food several times a day.

VIII. The following are exempt from the obligation of the lenten fast. Young persons under twenty-one years of age; the sick; pregnant and nursing women; old people above sixty years of age, and all who are engaged in hard labor.

CAMILLUS PAUL,
Bishop of Covington.
Covington, Ky., Sexagesima, 18.

ARTISTIC

S:H:O:E:S

We are displaying the handsomest, most stylish, best fitting, best wearing and by far the cheapest lines of

Ladies' Fine Footwear

ever brought to the City of Maysville. We have just received fresh invoices of the very newest styles, and are offering these goods at unapproachable prices. Our styles are all new and confined to us. Ladies, call and see them.

H. C. BARKLEY.

THE SPOT CASH SHOE STORE!

THE BEE HIVE!

February is usually a dull month, but we intend it shall be an exceedingly lively one in the Dry Goods business.

READ THESE VALUES,

THEN COME AND SEE FOR YOURSELF.

Heavy yard-wide Muslin at 4c. per yard; good Calicoes at 3c. per yard; Arnold's Percals, best made, 7 1-2c. per yard, worth 12 1-2c.; all Linen, real Stevens' Crash, 5c. per yard, worth 10c.; Dress Ginghams 5c. per yard, worth 10c.; Plus, three papers for 5c.; Boys' Percal Shirt Waists, 20c. each; Plain India Linens and Checked Nainsooks from 5c. per yard up; Gloria Silk Umbrellas, Gold and Oxidized handles, \$1.00, worth double; Tobacco canvas, 1 3-4c., worth 2 1-2c.; genuine imported Castile Soap, two cakes for 5c.; see our new line of Lace Curtains, from 69c, a pair up; Dr. Warner's Health Corset, 99c. each; our usual 50c. Corset reduced to 39c.; Lace Tidies or Pillow Shams, 36 inches square, 15c., worth 40c.

Every department in our mammoth stock is now complete, and we know you study your own interests by purchasing of us.

ROSENAU BROS., PROPRIETORS BEE HIVE.

SIXTY THOUSAND BOLTS OF WALL PAPER OUR

AGREATVARIETY.

Last February we made a run on our stock which not only relieved us of lots of goods but gave our customers some rare bargains; and now, in order to reduce stock, we will do likewise, and offer our stock of PICTURES, FRAMES, SETS OF BOOKS, BOX PAPERS, &c., at a great reduction, in order to get ready to handle our immense stock of

WALL PAPERS,

of which we have already received 20,000 bolts. We are going to be able to show as nice a variety, as large an assortment, with prices as low as can be had anywhere. You will find many bargains in our store, marked in plain figures at all times. Our 25 cent Cloth Books still create a big sensation.

KACKLEY & McDougle.

WE CAN MEET ANY PRICES--CALL AND TRY US.

FOR FINE WATCHES, DIAMONDS, JEWELRY

Silverware, Clocks, Spectacles, Etc., go to your old Reliable Jeweler.

HERMANN LANGE, 17 Arcade, Cin. O.

An Elegant

Solitaire · Diamond · Combination · Ring ·

Lace Pin, Stud and Bracelet

Will be presented to some customer of J. BALLENGER, the Jeweler, on February 1, 1890—one ticket for every dollar's worth of goods bought.

Bargains For Fifteen Days!

To close out manufacturer's consignment of Tapestry, Felt and Japanese Table Covers and Scarfs, Turquois Curtains and Mantel Lambrequins, Hold Fast Hearth and Door Rugs, Afghan Shawls and Sacks, Union Bed Spreads, Cloaks without reserve.

A. J. McDougle & Son,

Old Postoffice Building, Sutton Street.

'90-WOODLAND FARM STALLIONS-'90

BILLY ENFIELD, (four-year-old stallion, 235) foaled 1885; sired by Enfield, 220, size of four 230 performers and the dams of eight, including the great campaigners Reference, 218, Annie H., 220, and the great two-year-old Gambrel, 225. First dam Endrowman, by Ericson, 230 1/2; second dam by Donaphin, by Old Pilot; third and fourth dams thoroughbred. BILLY ENFIELD is not only a trotter but a great individual, capturing a number of first premiums as model roaster and herd stallion. Terms—\$25 to insure, or \$20 cash for the season, with privilege to return.

YELLOW JACKET—The well-known Saddle Stallion, sired by Wells' Yellow Jacket, sire Thos. L. Young, 218, and others. Dam by Shooting Star. Further pedigree and description unnecessary, as he is best known and has taken more first premiums than any Saddle Stallion ever stood in Mason County. Terms—\$10 to insure. For further particulars address

Swiss D. SAM WHITE, Woodland Farm, Bernard, Mason County, Ky.

THE EVENING BULLETIN

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY,
ROSSER & McCARTHY,
Proprietors.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1890.

RAILROAD SCHEDULE.

CINCINNATI DIVISION CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO.

Due East. **Due West.**
No. 32.....12:15 a.m. No. 31.....4:10 a.m.
No. 2.....10:04 a.m. No. 1.....5:37 a.m.
No. 12.....6:40 p.m. No. 11.....8:09 a.m.
No. 4.....8:25 p.m. No. 3.....8:10 p.m.

Nos. 31 and 32 are mixed trains, Nos. 11 and 12 the Ironton accommodation. Nos. 1 and 2 the Washington, Baltimore and New York and Old Point Comfort express, and Nos. 3 and 4 the F. F. V. All daily except Nos. 11 and 12. Direct connection at Central depot, Cincinnati, for all points West and South.

MAYSVILLE DIVISION KENTUCKY CENTRAL.
Arrive.....10:25 a.m. 8:10 p.m.
Depart.....5:15 a.m. 1:50 p.m.
All trains daily except Sunday.
Add twenty-six minutes to get city time.

INDICATIONS—"Warmer, fair weather, southerly winds."

"MOUNTAIN BOY."

HOMINY flakes at G. W. Geisel's, d3t

FRESH fish every day, at Martin Bros'.

CANNED berries, 3 for 25 cents, at Calhoun's.

COLLARS laundried at 20c. per dozen, at Burdett's. 15d6t

PAPER hanging and decoration done by Greenwood. f17d1m.

THOSE who desire safe and profitable life insurance shoud call on L. W. Galbraith.

ESTILL SPRINGS, at Irvine, Estill County, have been sold to a Louisville Company for \$60,000.

MRS. HENRY FORMAN, of Shelby County, sold \$237 worth of eggs, butter, turkeys and berries last year.

THE school children are not caring much about Washington's Birthday this year. It comes on Saturday.

H. E. BOSWELL, a well-known hotel man of Lexington, died Saturday, of congestion of the stomach.

MR. JOSEPH HECHINGER, of this city, and Miss May Wood, of Aberdeen, were married last Friday evening by 'Squire Beasley.

REGULAR meeting of Maysville Chapter No. 9 will be held in Masonic Temple this evening at 7:30 o'clock.

L. C. BLATTERMAN, H. P.

GREENWOOD's paint store got in a shipment of paper to-day that covered the sidewalk in front of their establishment. They have their rooms crowded with it.

THERE were two additions to the Baptist Church yesterday morning and one last Thursday night. One was baptised yesterday morning and five last night.

CLEVELAND'S Consolidated Minstrels go direct from Maysville to Louisville for a three-nights engagement at one of the leading theaters. They will be here Wednesday night.

ONLY a few days more remain to buy goods and secure tickets on the elegant diamonds Hopper & Murphy give away March 1st, 1890. This drawing will positively take place on date named. df

CAPTAIN JOHN T. MARTIN, who has had a severe tussle with rheumatism for the past two or three weeks, was out yesterday enjoying the lovely spring-like weather. He is improving steadily.

ONLY eighty-one new bills were introduced in the House of Representatives at Frankfort last Friday. All the talk about local legislation doesn't seem to have much effect on the Solons.

MASON LODGE NO. 342—Officers and members are requested to meet at Masonic Temple Tuesday, February 18th, at 1 p.m., to attend the funeral of brother S. S. Riley. C. W. WARDLE, W. M.

THE annual meeting of the State Encampment of the G. A. R. has been postponed from March 4th to April 24th, to accommodate Gen. Alger, Commander-in-Chief. Louisville is the place of meeting.

THE BULLETIN is indebted to the agent of the Adams Express Company, Mr. Payne, for a copy of "The Shippers' Guide." It is a valuable book of reference for all who have to do much shipping.

BALLENGER, the jeweler, has postponed the raffle of that \$400 diamond until March 8th. In the meantime he will give a ticket with every dollar paid on account and on every dollar's worth of goods bought.

CONFIDENCE LODGE NO. 52 is hereby called to meet at Masonic Temple on Tuesday at 1 o'clock to attend the funeral of our deceased brother, Samuel S. Riley. The members of Mason Lodge, No. 342, and all Master Masons in good standing are invited to attend.

JOHN C. EVERETT, S. W.

DEATH OF S. S. RILEY.

The Teller of the First National Bank Passes Away After a Lingering Illness.

Mr. S. S. Riley, one of Maysville's most popular business men, died last night at the family residence on West Second street, from a complication of diseases.

He was taken ill four weeks ago and had been in an extremely critical condition for several days. All that medical skill and faithful nursing could do was done, but without avail. The end came last night and he breathed his last at 10 o'clock.

The deceased was born near Mayslick, and lacked but a few months of being forty years of age. He was a son of Mr. George Riley, one of Mason County's most successful farmers. His wife, who is a daughter of Mr. Enos Myall of Mayslick, survives him. He leaves two children, both daughters, of tender years.

For the past ten years the deceased had filled the position of teller at the First National Bank. Previous to the organization of the First National he was connected with the bank of Wells, Mitchell & Co., as teller, for eight years. He was also connected for some time with the firm of Myall & Riley, undertakers and dealers in agricultural implements.

The deceased was one of the prominent Masons of this city. He was a member of Confidence Lodge No. 52, of Maysville Chapter and of Maysville Commandery No. 10, K. T. His remains will be interred with the honors of that order.

The funeral will take place to-morrow afternoon at 2 o'clock, at the family residence. Services by Rev. I. A. Thayer.

Mr. Riley was one of the most popular men in this city. His kind, noble-hearted disposition and affable manners made friends for him of all whom he met. His death will be sincerely mourned by the many who knew and esteemed him.

MR. W. C. PELHAM is engaged in making a complete plat of the old cemetery. Some new lots have been added recently to the grounds.

MERCHANTS and farmers will find a very large stock of chains and hames at Frank Owens Hardware Co.'s. The firm advise early purchases. Hardware and iron have been advancing in price since they made their orders for such goods.

WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY—next Saturday—will be celebrated in grand style at many points. At present it looks like Maysville will not take much stock in this National holiday this year. Our citizens will do better some other year, perhaps.

SIR KNIGHTS of Maysville Commandery No. 10 will assemble at their asylum tomorrow, February 18th, at 12:30 p.m., in full uniform, to attend the funeral of Past Eminent Commander S. S. Riley. By order of JAS. C. OWENS, Eminent Commander.

TWO YEARS ago the Legislature passed a charter giving the power to the County Judge and the Recorder of Lexington to appoint a Police and Fire Commission, whose duty it should be to make appointments of policemen and firemen. At the last term of the Circuit Court at that place these Commissioners were indicted because they failed to have the policemen enforce the laws. Saturday Judge Morton decided the law under which the Police Commission was appointed to be unconstitutional.

THE Newport correspondent of the Commercial Gazette says: "A rather peculiar phenomenon is witnessed at Jones' Hill, along the line of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad. A short distance off from the railroad the hill has a split in twain and a gaping fissure extends along over a distance of four hundred feet. It is two feet in width and goes down to a considerable depth. What has caused it no one knows. One theory is that the passage of heavy trains has caused some alteration in the rock structure about the place. At present it is a big curiosity and attracts many sight-seers."

Railway News.

Bills were introduced in the Legislature Saturday to charter the Kentucky and Southeastern Kentucky Railway Company, and the Leitchfield, Shreveport and Southwestern Railroad Company.

The Louisville and Nashville has purchased two Alabama railroads, which, with the extension contemplated, will increase the mileage of the L. & N. system by nearly five hundred miles. The new acquisitions are the Anniston and Atlantic and the Anniston and Cincinnati.

Says the Cincinnati Enquirer: "The latest rumor regarding J. T. Harahan, until recently General Manager of the Chesapeake and Ohio, is that he has been offered and will accept the position of General Manager of the Richmond and Danville Road, succeeding Peyton Randolph. There is little doubt that Mr. Harahan has several offers under consideration. One is said to be from his first-love, the Louisville and Nashville, and another from the Lake Shore."

❖ TWO SPLENDID BARGAINS! ❖

Ladies' Berlin Kid Button, { Goodyear Welt, Opera, Common Sense and Waukenfast lasts; sizes 2 to 5; widths D and E. } \$2 REDUCED FROM

Ladies' Straight Goat Button, { Don. Tops, Slipper Fox'd, Seam-less Vamps with Tips; sizes 3 1-2 to 7; widths D and E. } \$2 REDUCED FROM

These are good, sensible and seasonable Shoes, and REMARKABLY CHEAP.

MINER'S SHOE STORE!

Here and There.

Mr. Garrett B. Wall, of Cincinnati, spent Sunday here with his parents.

Mr. W. H. Dye, of Indianapolis, is visiting relatives near Tuckahoe.

Mr. Will King, of New York, arrived this morning on a visit to relatives.

Mr. Robert Cobb went to Bellevue Saturday to visit his sister, Mrs. Lape.

Mr. Frank Byrne returned to Cincinnati on the F. F. V. this afternoon.

Mrs. S. A. Piper, of Mayslick, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. P. P. Parker.

Mrs. E. S. Hall, of Lexington, is the guest of her brother, Colonel Frank S. Owens.

Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Campbell came in Saturday night from a week's visit at Muncie, Ind.

Captain J. A. Jackson, of Mayslick, was in town this morning en route home from a visit in Greenup.

Mrs. Nat Wood, of St. Louis, returned home Saturday after spending several weeks here with relatives.

Mr. Harry S. Wood was out yesterday after being confined to his home for several days with an attack of the grip.

Senator Poyntz and Representative Fraze returned to Frankfort this afternoon, after spending a day or so in town.

Mr. Jas. N. Kehoe, of Evansville, Ind., after spending a few days here with his mother, leaves to-day for Washington, D. C.

Crops and Things in Nicholas.

Mr. J. B. Fristoe, of Pleasant Valley, Nicholas County, in renewing his subscription for the WEEKLY BULLETIN, says:

"We have had a very strange winter. It seems that 'wonders will never cease.' Still unusually warm for the season of the year.

"Winter wheat in some sections is in danger of jointing, and many as well as myself have been pasturing it to try to check the growth. Tobacco is going off slowly, a few crops have been sold, mostly of low grade. Good crops are held at about 10 cents per pound, but there seems to be no demand at present for good crops. I think the object of dealers in tobacco is to try to get all of the inferior tobacco of last year sold off to manufacturers, and then they will turn their attention to the present crop.

"A good deal of meat that was put up for family use in our neighborhood has spoiled. There are very few families but have lost more or less, and some have lost all their joint meat.

"Enclosed you will find \$2, for which credit me for one year's subscription to the BULLETIN. I can't enjoy good health without it. So send it along."

The Minstrels.

In speaking of the appearance of Cleveland's Consolidated Minstrels in that city the New York Sun says: "From the first part on the mastodon show was an enjoyable destroyer of all other triumphs in minstrelsy. There were the usual features of monologues, dances and marches, but they were made novel in having a fresh relay of performers to take the encores; and this odd massing of effects culminated in a display of Japanese acrobats, jugglers, &c., who divided themselves into eight groups and outdid in their acts the bewildering multiplicity of Barnum's too-many-ringed shows. Surely modern minstrel meets its climax in this Cleveland venture."

State Board of Equalization.

The annual session of the State Board of Equalization has been postponed until some date yet to be designated by State Auditor Norman. The meeting will probably take place the first week in March. The County Clerks are somewhat tardy in returning their tax books for the year, only 58 out of the 119 counties having made such returns up to the present writing.

The Board as constituted this year is composed of the following: First district, James R. Rogers, of Paris; Second district, John W. Greene, of Owenton; Third district, Jordan Owens, of Hart County, and Fourth district, N. B. Moss, of Clinton.

This great starch trust has adopted the name of "The National Starch Manufacturing Company," and has been incorporated under the laws of Kentucky. The articles were filed the other day in the Clerk's office at Covington.

This great starch trust recently formed in this country will soon result in stiffening the price of that article.

The Postoffice Drug Store!

You can always find a choice line of DRUGS at the Postoffice Drug Store. Also a fine line of Fancy Toilet Articles, and the best Perfumeries to be found in Maysville.

Prescriptions a specialty, and carefully compounded at all hours.

POWER & REYNOLDS,

Cox Building (Adjoining Postoffice).

❖ THE LATEST NOVELTIES ❖

— IN —

HATS and NECKWEAR

NOW READY AT

NELSON'S.

The Last Chance to Buy Stoves Cheap.

Although the advance in iron has increased the price of Stoves, we will offer our entire large stock of

HEATERS AT COST.

They must go to make room for other goods. We are also showing the latest and best improved Cook Stoves and Wrought Steel Ranges ever offered in Maysville.

BIERBOWER and CO.

MARKET STREET.



McClanahan & Shea

Dealers in

STOVES,

Mantels, Grates, Tinware.

TIN-ROOFING,
GUTTERING,
and SPOUTING.

JOB WORK OF ALL KINDS EXECUTED IN BEST MANNER

PURE DRUGS, WINES AND LIQUORS.

THOS. J. CHENOWETH'S

DRUG AND PRESCRIPTION STORE.

❖ WE ARE NOW RECEIVING ❖

— OUR STOCK OF —

SPRING DRESS GOODS

It will be found to contain all the newest weaves and colorings; also a new line of

White Goods, Linens and Embroideries,

which we are offering at our usual low prices. We also call attention to the following special job: Five thousand yards Indigo Prints, short lengths, at 5 cents per yard.

BROWNING & CO.

3 EAST SECOND STREET.

Church Gallery Falls.

It Suddenly Goes Down While Services Are Under Way.

A SCORE OF PERSONS INJURED.

No One Killed Outright But Several May Die From Their Injuries—American African Traveler Entertainment—Republicans in Portugal Gaining Strength. Other Foreign News.

PARIS, Feb. 17.—An accident of an alarming character, by which several persons were seriously injured, occurred last night during divine service at Bromley Independent church. Across the end of the building over the entrance was fixed a balcony capable of holding sixty or seventy persons.

While the pastor was reading the lessons the gallery, with scarcely any warning, suddenly collapsed, precipitating its occupants into the body of the church. A cloud of dust obscured the view of the remainder of the congregation for a few minutes, but when it cleared away it became obvious that a number of persons were buried beneath the ruins of the gallery.

The fallen debris caused obstruction of the entrance, and prevented any assistance being rendered from outside, but willing hands were soon at work clearing away the fallen timbers and extricating the unfortunate occupants of the fallen gallery from their perilous position. The gallery was pretty well filled at the time, and about twenty persons were buried.

The work of removing the debris occupied some time, and when accomplished it was found that while most of the victims of the accident were severely bruised and cut, five had received serious injuries, which, in some instances, may prove fatal. One young lady was unconscious when extricated. Two medical gentlemen in the congregation attended the injured, of whom several had broken legs and arms, while others had internal injuries.

Workmen Promised Increased Wages.

BERLIN, Feb. 17.—In his speech to the Spandau workmen's delegates yesterday, Gen. Verdy Du Vernois promised an increase of wages according to length of service. He presented a number of decorations conferred by the emperor upon employees in the state factories.

Ready for Zanzibar.

LONDON, Feb. 17.—Fifteen non-commissioned officers and eight hospital assistants will start for Zanzibar at the end of this week to reinforce Maj. Wiseman's troops. The party will call at Suez for 600 Soudanese.

Republican Gaining Strength.

LONDON, Feb. 17.—The News' Lisbon correspondent says that many symptoms show that the Republican cause is increasing in strength daily, and that the end of the monarchy might come at almost any moment.

American African Traveler Entertained.

LONDON, Feb. 17.—Mr. Stevens, the African correspondent of The New York World, was entertained at dinner Saturday night by the Savage club, and recounted his experience.

EXTREME DESTITUTION.

Many Farmers in Virginia Starving—Individuals Dying for Want of Food.

PETERSBURG, Va., Feb. 17.—George P. Barham, judge of the county court of Greenville, is authority for the statement that the condition of the farmers of Greenville county is even worse than it has been represented. The destitution is not confined to the poorer classes, but chiefly to the farmers who have heretofore had good crops and plenty of supplies. Through the failure of crops for the past three or four years the farmers have been forced to raise money by deeds of trust on their farms and bills of sale for their personal property.

To-day many of the farmers have not enough to feed their families or teams a week longer. The appeal made to the people of the country has been responded to, and provisions have been sent from Maine to Florida. On Saturday next the distribution will be made at Hickford.

Indians Dying for Want of Food.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Feb. 17.—Indian Agent Cranzie, of the Devil's Lake reservation in North Dakota, says the destitution among the Indians of that agency has been understated. In his opinion if the \$3,000 recently authorized for their relief by President Harrison had been delayed much longer there would have been few Indians to receive any benefits from it. He further says that unless more help is quickly furnished it is doubtful whether any great number of the 900 Indians on the reservation will live until spring. Already a number of deaths have resulted from starvation.

An Editor Hung in Effigy.

WHEELING, W. Va., Feb. 17.—L. A. Cranston, editor of The Martin's Ferry Daily Clipper, was hanged in effigy by some unknown parties Friday night. When the editor awoke Saturday morning the figure was being swayed around by the wind in front of his residence. On its breast was the inscription: "The Daily Clipper," "Skull and cross-bones," "Beware of White Caps." Signed, "Committee." The Clipper has been making things lively for the disreputable element of the citizens, and they took this method of resenting it.

Ended in Murder.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Feb. 17.—James Lynch, aged 74 years, died last night from the effects of a beating given him by Timothy O'Brien, his tenant, on Jan. 4. O'Brien was arrested at the time and released on \$75 bail. He cannot now be found.

An Ohioan Dies in California.

NEWARK, O., Feb. 17.—The relatives and friends in this city have received the sorrowful news from San Diego, Cal., of the death at that place of Dr. George W. Barnes. Dr. Barnes was a resident of this and adjoining counties.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES.

Items of Interest Put in Convenient Form For the Hurried Reader.

Maj. McKinley is better.

There is a great revival of "Pinafore" at Chicago.

Judge William H. Taft has arrived at Washington.

"Grandma" Carroll, aged 115, is dying at Cumberland, Ind.

Claims against the O. & N. W. railroad have been referred to Gen. Cowen.

An illicit distillery near McMinnville, Tenn., was destroyed on the 13th inst.

A Philadelphia woman claims that detainees fraudulently obtained \$20,000 from her.

Rankin D. Jones has received a check from Mr. Forbush covering his alleged shortage.

The president and Mr. Blaine will attend the dedication of the Carnegie library at Pittsburgh.

Food and clothing are asked for the people of Stevens county, Kan., the result of failure of crops.

A deficit of \$60,000 has been found in the accounts of John A. Davis, city treasurer of Rochester, N. Y.

Governor Fleming, of Florida, promises state aid in punishing the slayers of Deputy Marshal Saunders.

The supreme court of Colorado has decided that the state has jurisdiction over the saloons in Denver.

An ice famine in Chicago seems to be inevitable, and nearly half the United States is similarly situated.

Judge A. C. Bradford, register of the United States land office at San Francisco, died suddenly Sunday.

It is claimed that a young lady of Laporte, Ind., was driven insane through the inhuman treatment of her father.

John McClain, of Farmland, Ind., while splitting wood, was struck in the eye by a splinter. The sight was destroyed.

Capt. Alpheus T. Palmer, aged 69, the only surviving officer in Maine of the Mexican war, died Sunday morning at Bangor, Maine.

The directors of the Reading iron works have resolved to increase the capital stock of the company from \$300,000 to \$1,000,000.

The Senate committee on privileges and elections is investigating the credentials of the several claimants for seats in the senate from Montana.

Henry Dozier, a St. Louis negro, was deliberately shot dead by two negroes, who came up while he was scrubbing a sidewalk. Identity and motives unknown.

Investigation will be made as to the necessity, practicability and expense of tunneling the Detroit river, near the city of Detroit, with a view to the use of the tunnel for railroad trains from the United States to Canada.

At St. Joseph, Mo., Michael Claus has been arrested, charged with having stolen \$5,000 worth of revenue stamps from the office of the deputy collector. Claus was at the time an employee of the St. Joseph Brewing company.

James Tasker, Ed. Woodfork and Norman Wooster, three of the Navassa "rioters," pleaded guilty to manslaughter. This disposes of the whole batch. Three are convicted of murder in the first degree, four of manslaughter and twenty-three of riot. All will be sentenced this week.

Judges Horton and Grinnell, of the Chicago superior court, pronounce the law passed by the legislature creating a board of trustees to supervise the work of deepening the Illinois and Michigan canal in order to turn the sewage of Chicago through it, constitutional, and an appeal was taken to the supreme court.

Miss Susanna Warfield, the oldest residents of Carroll county, Md., has just died at her home, "Groveland," near Sykesville, in her 95th year. The "Grand Inaugural March," tendered at the inauguration of President William Henry Harrison ("Tippecanoe"), forty-eight years ago, was composed by Miss Warfield.

Item for Gaugers and Rectifiers.

BALTIMORE, Md., Feb. 17.—Collector Hill has received assurance from Internal Revenue Commissioner Mason that he would not interfere with the order requiring wholesale liquor dealers and rectifiers to notify the collector each day how many stamps they would need and how many packages they would want engaged for that day. Mr. Hill says that he found the old custom by which gaugers had to tramp over their districts from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m., and make up their reports at night, a hardship not only upon the gaugers, but inconvenient to him, as he could not follow his men, and did not know where to find them at any hour he might need them.

A Colorado Liquor Decision.

DENVER, Col., Feb. 17.—The state supreme court has rendered an opinion in the Heinssen liquor case, affirming the decision of the lower court that the state has jurisdiction over saloons in this city. The case has been bitterly contested, and the decision resulted in the closing of all saloons yesterday the first time in the history of Denver.

Three Lives Lost.

CLEVELAND, O., Feb. 17.—A later report of the wreck which occurred at Bairdstown, on the Baltimore and Ohio railway, Friday night, says that George Ellison, brakeman of the stock train; Bruce Baverso, a boy of 16, who was riding on the engine, and Charles Reynolds, brakeman on the freight, were buried under the wreck and died soon after being taken out. The accident was caused by the engineer of the stock train misreading his orders.

Valuable Flouring Mills Burned.

TERRE HAUTE, Feb. 17.—The complete flouring mill of the Terre Haute Milling company, composed of W. L. Kidder & Sons, capacity 600 barrels daily, burned Saturday night, causing a total loss of \$100,000 on buildings, machinery, 2,000 barrels of flour, wheat and other stock. Insurance about \$40,000, mostly in the Millers' Insurance companies.

No One Responsible.

DALLAS, Tex., Feb. 17.—The coroner's verdict in the case of the pugilist James, who was killed by a blow during a boxing match Friday night with Bezinah, states that death was due to James' physical condition when he received the blow, and that there is no ground on which to hold Bezinah responsible for the fatality.

REMOVAL

SALE.

Stock, Crop and Turf Items.

Geo. W. Berry, of Robertson, sold his tobacco at 10 cents, to be delivered at Augusta.

The average weight of the hogs received at Chicago during January was 241 lbs, while for December it was 251 lbs.

Kentucky sells over 20,000 sheep every year in the Boston market, where they bring a better price than New England sheep.

Michigan has shipped to Texas and the Southwest over 3,000 blooded rams the past year, one breeder having shipped 1,400 Merinos.

The Cincinnati Enquirer says: "May wheat is lower than ever before at this period of the year since the war, and corn, oats and provisions are in alike fix. Our revenue business has been so atrociously handled that we cannot sell our products abroad."

OUR NEIGHBORS.

Mrs. Lula Rice is visiting in Lexington and Nicholasville.

Chas. Gaul, one of Maysville's liverymen, was here the past week.

Messrs. Harry Glascock and Alex Cook, of M. Carmel, spent Sunday here.

John Early is improving slowly.

James Cord, of Lewis County, was here Saturday and Sunday.

Robert Cook and wife returned from Maysville Saturday, after a few days' visit with the family of Wm. Chapell.

Remember that you can get Tuesdays', Thursdays' and Saturdays' issue of the Enquirer at the postoffice each week.

John Hughes left last week for Millersburg, where he will prize tobacco.

Maysville Retail Market.

COFFEE, per pound..... 22@25

MOLASSES—new crop, per gal..... 60@65

Golden Syrup..... 40

Sorghum, fancy new..... 35@40

SUGAR—Yellow, per pound..... 6@7

Extra..... 7

A few pounds..... 8

Granulated, per pound..... 8@9

Powdered, per pound..... 10

New Orleans, per pound..... 5@6

TEAS—per pound..... 50@55

COAL OIL—Headlight, per gallon..... 15

BACON—Breakfast, per pound..... 10

Clear sides, per pound..... 7@8

Hams, per pound..... 13@14

Shoulders, per pound..... 7@8

BEEF—Per gallon..... 36@40

BUTTER—Per pound..... 12@15

CHICKENS—Each..... 25@30

EGGS—Per dozen..... 10@12

FLOUR—Limestone, per barrel..... 8@10

Old Gold, per barrel..... 5@6

Maysville Fancy, per barrel..... 4@5

Mason County, per barrel..... 4@5

Royal Patent, per barrel..... 4@5

Maysville Family, per barrel..... 5@6

Granada, per sack..... 20@25

HONEY—Per pound..... 15

VEAL—Per peck..... 15

LARD—Per pound..... 9@10

POTATOES—Per peck, new..... 40@50

APPLES—Per peck, new..... 40@50

FOR SALE.

WANTED—A single man to raise a crop of tobacco in Butler county, O. Steady employment and good wages. Address E. MILLER, Stockton, Butler County, O.

LOST.

LOST—A few days ago, a pair of gold spectacles. Any one finding same will receive a liberal reward by returning them to J. BLAKEBOROUGH. 1733

LOST—Yesterday, in some store, a small silk umbrella. Finder will please return to this office and receive reward.

FOUND.

FOUND—One day last week, a skiff. Apply at this office for further information.

INCOMPREHENSIBLE.

Why you will exchange your old sewing machine and pay a difference of \$40 or \$50 when you can have it repaired and made as good as new? All kinds repaired and warranted. Twenty-five years experience. Orders left at Owen's Mitchell's City hardware store will receive prompt attention.

H. M. WILLIAMS. Advertiser

Scenic First Part,

the most gorgeous and elaborate ever produced. VENETIAN KNIGHTS, the original Oriental Patrol March. THE EGYPTIAN PHALANX. Amazing Antipodean Annix.

THE JAPS!

FOUR LITTLE ALL-RIGHTS.

CHAS. E. CLEVELAND...Business Manager.

Harry W. Simon..... General Agent.

Grand parade of this powerful organization on the day of performance.